$\qquad$ Date $\qquad$

## Identify Intersecting/Non-Intersecting Lines

In this worksheet we will practice identifying intersecting and non-intersecting lines. There are three types of lines: intersecting, perpendicular, and parallel. Regular intersecting lines cross each other, but not at right angles. Perpendicular lines, a special type of intersecting line, cross each other at right angles. Parallel lines never cross each other; they are non-intersecting lines. See the diagram below:

|  |  | Lines $A$ and $B$ are parallel lines. <br> There is one pair of parallel lines. <br> Lines $A$ and $D$, and lines $B$ and $D$ are intersecting lines. <br> There are two pairs of intersecting lines. <br> Lines $A$ and $C$, |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| There and lines $B$ and $C$ are perpendicular lines. |  |  |

## Exercise Questions:

Answer questions 1 - 5 using the diagram below:


1. Lines $A B$ and $\qquad$ are parallel lines.
2. Lines CD and $\qquad$ are perpendicular lines.
3. Line GH is an intersecting line with lines $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ .
4. How many pairs of parallel lines are there? $\qquad$

## Answer Key

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## Exercise Questions:

Answer questions 1-5 using the diagram below:


1. Lines $A B$ and $\qquad$ are parallel lines.
2. Lines $C D$ and $\qquad$ are perpendicular lines.
3. Line GH is an intersecting line with lines $\qquad$ $A B$ and $\qquad$ _.
4. How many pairs of parallel lines are there? $\qquad$
5. How many pairs of perpendicular lines are there? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
